# Supporting Student Success with **Admissions Modelling**

A case study of Architectural Technology at Sheridan

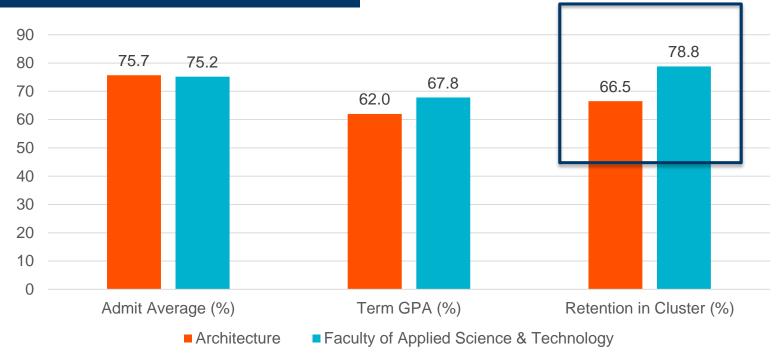
Dave Wackerlin, M.Ed, B.A. **Associate Dean** School of Architectural Technology; Special Advisor, Academic Resource Planning & Allocation

# Sheridan Architectural Technology



## **STUDENT PROFILE**

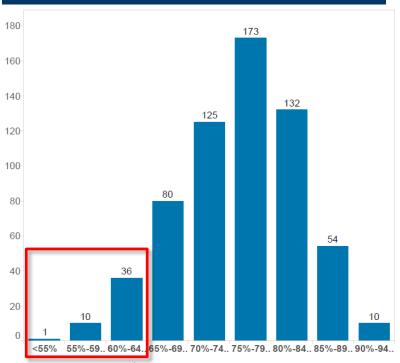
# PRIOR TO ADMISSION CHANGE





#### **ADMIT GRADES**

#### PRIOR TO ADMIT CHANGE



- The graph to the left shows count of students (vertical axis) grouped by admit grade (horizontal axis)
- The group of students with lowest grades identified as having least chance for successful progression.

## **SCATTERPLOT #1**

# ADMIT GRADE/ TERM GPA





#### **SCATTERPLOT #2**

# S.SCHOOL MATH / TERM GPA



Term GPA = -0.17 + 1.01 \* HSmath grade  $(R^2 = 0.09)$ Admit grade has a stronger relationship to term GPA than high school math (1.85 v. 1.01), and explains more variance (0.16 v. 0.09)



#### **ADMISSIONS CHANGE**

#### NEW 2012

# Ontario Secondary School Diploma or equivalent, including these required courses:

- One English, Grade 12 (ENG4C or ENG4U) plus
- •Grade 12 Mathematics (C or U) or Grade 11 Functions (MCF3M) or Grade 11 Functions and Relations (MCR3U)
- Minimum 65% overall average

# **Applicant Selection**

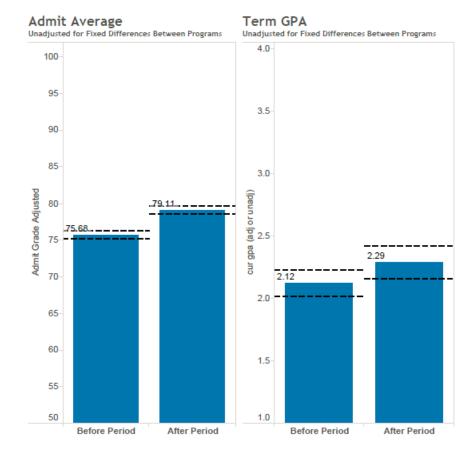
Eligible applicants will be selected on the basis of their previous academic achievement (the average of their six highest senior-level credits, including required courses), and/or results of pre-admission testing.



#### **ADMIT AVG & TERM GPA**

# BEFORE / AFTER

After implementing the admit average cut-off, admit averages rose by 3.53 percentage points
Term GPA also rose by 0.17 grade points (4.25 percentage points)





#### **CLUSTER RETENTION**

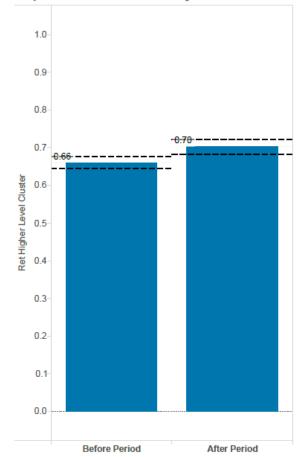
# BEFORE / AFTER

 Students were more likely to be retained in the period after the admissions change (difference in retention is significant)



#### Cluster retention

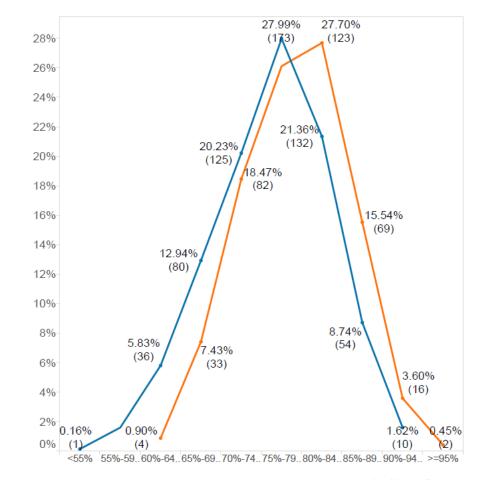
Unadjusted for Fixed Differences Between Programs



#### **ADMIT GRADE DISTRIBUTION**

## BEFORE / AFTER

- Before change represented by blue, after change represented by orange
- Clear shift in admit average
- No longer students at the bottom of the distribution
- Greater proportion of students in the middle and high ends of the distribution

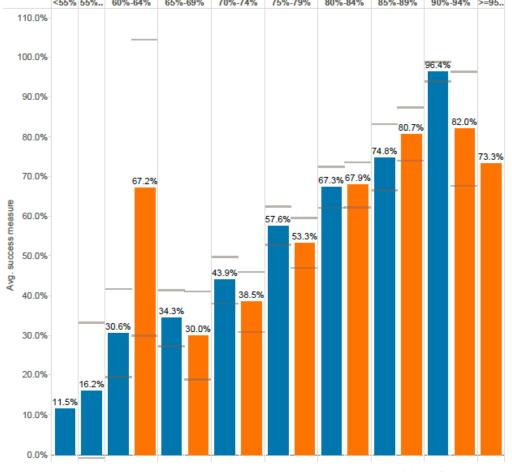




## **PERFORMANCE**

# **CONTROLLED FOR ADMIT**

 Within grade bins, no statistically significant change in averages





#### STUDENTS BY ADMIT CRADE

- After the admit grade minimum cut-off, only 7.5% of the student population in Architecture has an admit grade of under 70%
- 46.8% of the students now have an admit grade over 80% (compared with 35.8% before the change)

Grade range	Before change (%)	GPA (2008- 2011)	After change (%)	GPA (2012- present)
Under 55%	<1%	0.46	0%	-
55% - 59%	1.6%	1.15	0%	-
60% - 64%	5.8%	1.25	<1%	2.69
65% - 69%	12.9%	1.36	7.4%	1.19
70% - 74%	20.1%	1.77	18.4%	1.55
75% - 79%	27.9%	2.29	26.1%	2.14
80% - 84%	21.3%	2.68	27.6%	2.67
85% - 89%	8.7%	2.99	15.5%	3.27
90% - 94%	5.8%	3.85	3.6%	3.33
95% & over	0%	-	<1%	2.93
Overall	100%	2.16	100%	2.33



# **ADMISSION LEVELS**

Academic year	Count of students*	
2008-2009	176	CHANGE YEAR
2009-2010	175	
2010-2011	227	
2011-2012	213	
2012-2013	207	
2013-2014	164	
2014-2015	153	
2015-2016	183	



# Thanks!

To Sheridan Institutional Research:

**Mark Neuman** 

Jane Logan

For statistically significant analysis and graphic contribution

